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Ethical Issues in Public Health Session 6: The Use of Cost-Effectiveness in Priority Setting

Health policymakers in the state of Maryland are considering implementation of a series of new health initiatives aimed at segments of its older population of adults. Currently, it is unclear as to the amount of money that will be budgeted for these initiatives. Because of this, state officials are creating a ranked list of proposed new health interventions (compared to standard interventions or no intervention) using a registry of cost-effectiveness ratios (cost of the intervention in U.S. dollars per QALY gained) published by the Harvard Center for Risk Analysis in the Harvard School of Public Health (http://www.hsph.harvard.edu/cearegistry/). This registry compiles hundreds of cost-effectiveness ratios published in the medical and health policy literature from 1976 through 2001. All dollar amounts have been converted to U.S. 2002 dollars.

An intense debate arose at a recent meeting of state officials concerning the ranking of three interventions (A-C) aimed at adults > 60 years of age. As an esteemed ethicist, you have been invited to attend the next meeting of these officials to help them rank the three interventions under dispute. Specifically, you have been asked to offer a proposed rank ordering of the interventions, and to provide ethical arguments justifying the ordering. A list of the interventions, their cost-effectiveness ratios, and a few facts are below.

Intervention Comparison	\$\$'s/QALY	Facts
(A) Sildenafil (Viagra) vs.	\$13,000	The prevalence of ED was
No treatment in men with		estimated at 52% in one large
Erectile Dysfunction (ED)		study of U.S. males aged 40 to 70
in a hypothetical cohort of		yo; Impotence affects about 10%
60 yo. men		of men in their sixties.
(B) Community Outreach	\$24,000	The Healthy People 2010
for the influenza vaccine vs.		objective is a 90% vaccination rate
no new outreach program in		for adults > 65 yo. 2001 data
persons aged 65 yo. and		estimated that only 64.9% of
older who did not receive		adults in this age group received
the vaccine in the previous		the vaccine in the previous year.
year		
(C) Mechanical Ventilation	\$49,000	"low risk" = > 50 % chance of
and intensive care vs. less		surviving more than 2 months
aggressive care in seriously		
ill patients with acute		
respiratory failure requiring		
ventilator support, in a low		
risk group of patients 65-74		
yo.		